CURRENT COMMENT. PRINCE HENRI, Duke of Orleans, with his suite, en-route to France, was

at Niagara Falls recently.

ONLY a little flag marks the spot where lies the remains of General Mc-Clellan, in Trenton, N. J.

JOHN GENNADIUS, Greek Minister, asserts that the Greeks of to-day are as strong physically as their famous

STILLSON HUTCHINS proposes to buy and present to the State Horace Greeley's birthplace and early home in New Hampshire.

SENATOR McDonald, of Toronto, is at the head of the largest dry goods house in Canada and is also a Methodist preacher.

JUDGE JOE HOLT, who was in Buchanan's Cabinet and was Judge Advocate-General, is leading the life of a hermit in Washington. Rumons are revived of the existence

of an engagement between Mr. Joseph place next year. M. PASTEUR read at a sitting of the

letter from Dr. Gamala, of Odessa, announcing the discovery of vaccine which cures cholera. THE first unmarried colored woman sent out by the American Board of Foreign Missions is about to start for

ate of Fisk University. HENRY RICHARD, M. P. for Merthyr Tydvil, well known as an advocate of of disputes between nations, died suddenly at Bangor, Wales, recently.

QUARRELSOME church choirs should be sent to Portland, Me., for training. In one church in that city the soprano, fought or been changed in twenty-five

REV. JOHN JASPER, who believes that "de sun do move," has returned to more effectually carry out the provisions of to Richmond after a two months' lecturing tour in the Northwest. The journed. pecuniary success of the tour was

A safety envelope has been invented which is tinted in such a manner as to to give effect to the President's message. Ad turn black, blue and red if an attempt journed ... After disposing of routine business is made to open it by wetting or ex- the House in Committee of the Whole further posing to steam, while it is not affected secure a quorum failed, and a resolution was by moist air or fog.

A BILL drafted by the officials of the Treasury Department has been presented to the Senate by Mr. Harris, to diseases from one State to another. A similar bill was also introduced in the Cathedral, England, is dead. House by Mr. Crisp, of Georgia.

SURGEON-GENERAL HAMILTON Says Plant City, a suburb of Tampa, Fla., "was not free from yellow fever at any time during the past winter." It is to be added that it was somebody's a high protective tariff. terrible fault that the place was left to disseminate the plague when summer

MOORE, the journalist, and Mrs. Norton, who recently eloped from St. Louis, are living in a fashionable boarding house in Toronto. Moore says that a satisfactory arrangement Europe. has been made with regard to the property which Mrs. Norton took away with her.

DANIEL MURRAY and James Essex, members of the Madison township recently at Tipton Ind., of whipping They were fined twenty-four dollars each and costs, which is considered a rather paltry punishment for the of- the 23d. His speech was devoted princi-

moth steamer Great Eastern in the posed by the Mills bill. Clyde on her way to Liverpool the countered and the hawser parted. The Great Eastern vanished in the darkness in the direction of the sea. She was recovered next day after some difficulty.

Advices from Acera, on the African Gold Coast, say that a force consisting of blacks and Kroo boys, commanded by three German officers, has occupied Addelar, to the northeast of Salagha and near the Dahoman territory. The invaders have hoisted the German flag, have built a fort and have named the place Bismarckburg.

THE military maneuvers between Berlin and Spandau began on the 21st, the Emperor commanding the troops. The chief feature of the day's maneuvers was a sham sortie from the Spandau forts, which the Emperor's troops for Congress. brilliantly repulsed. The Emperor was accompanied by a splendid suit of German and foreign officers.

THE statement of Secretary Bayard regarding the effect that the rejection of the Fisheries treaty would have on ing in the entire front of the edifice and the existing modus vivendi is fully causing \$20,000 damages. corroborated by the authorities at Ottawa, Ont., who state that existing ions of dellars. The storms continued for licenses will be respected until their several days. lapse, but that their renewal next A LOADED boat with a cargo of renot be decided upon until the next session of the Canadian Parliament.

A SOMEWHAT smart trick was played on the doctors of Boston by the Globe of that city the other day, which sent a reporter, an athlete, in splendid condition physically, to ten of the leading physicians for advice. He described a collection of imaginary symptoms, telling the same story to each. Not one of the examiners pronounced him a healthy man, but every one of them gave a diagnosis and a prescriptionthe diagnosis and prescription in every | Walker Malone and several others severely case differing from the other nine.

### NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Gleaned by Telegraph and Mail.

CONGRESSIONAL. AFTER disposing of several resolutions

on the 20th the Senate further discussed the Fisheries treaty, Senator Morgan continuing his remarks in its favor. Senators Hoar and Evarts spoke against and Gray in favor. Pend ing Senator Morgan's rejoinder the Senate adourned ... In the House after the introduction of several bills and resolutions and a futile attempt to suspend the rules and pass the Senate bill concerning the detail of army and navy officers to educational institutions, the Chinese bill was taken up and a spirited debate followed The bill was finally passed and the House ad-

IMMEDIATELY after the reading of the journal the Senate on the 21st adopted the resolution accepting from the State of New Jersey the statues of Richard Stockton and General Philip Kearney, and went into open executive session on the Pisheries treaty. Senator Morgan concluded his remarks, and a vote was finally reached when by a strict party vote the treaty was rejected, the vote being for ratification, 27; against 30. Senator Voorhees did not vote and 18 Senators were paired. The Senate then proceeded to legislative business. Several bills of no general importance passed and the House amendment to the Chinese Prohibition bill was agreed to, also the conference

report on the Naval bill. A large number of private bills passed and the Senate adjourned. .The House further discussed the General Deficiency bill in Committee of the Whole and adopted the resolution accepting the statues of Richard Stockton and Philip Kearney presented

by the State of New Jersey. Adjourned. In the Senate on the 22d Mr. Beck offered as an amendment to the House Tariff bill an additional section suspending all laws relating to the sinking fund and had it referred to the Committee on Finance, also a bill to repeal all sinking fund laws which was allowed to lie or Chamberlain and Miss Endicott, and it the table. Senator Beck said he could name is asserted that the marriage will take ten men to-day who could purchase bonds and hold them and force the Secretary of the Treasury, as the law stood, to pay \$100.000,000 for every \$100,000,000 of bonds he purchased. The joint resolution appropriating \$200,000 to prevent the introduction of vellow fever or cholers Paris Academy of Science recently a into the Umted States was passed. The money was made immediately available. Senator Chandler addressed the Senate on his resolution relating to the late election in Louisiana. He had not concluded his remarks when the Senate adjourned .... The House adopted the conference report on the Naval bill and then took up the General Deficiency bill in Committee of the Whole, which was under con-

sideration when the House adjourned. Southeastern Africa. She is a gradu-AFTER disposing of routine business in the Senate on the 23d Senator Chandler resumed his remarks on the Louisiana election case. At the close of his speech the resolu ti n in regard to the Jackson, Miss., municipal election was taken up and Senator Wilson, of grbitration for the peaceful settlement lows, spoke on the question. A message was received from the President on the rejection of the Fisheries treaty, but by a party vote the Senate adjourned before its submission....The House passed the Senate bill granting the right of way to the Leavenworth Rapid Transit road across the military reservation. After disposing of various resolutions the House took up the Army bill, and tenor, basso and organist have not after non-concurring in the conference report went into Committee of the Whole an the Deficiency bill. Pending efforts to secure a quorum a message was received from the Pres dent on the fisheries question, and Mr. Wilson of Iowa, offered a bill to empower the President the law to protect and defend the rights of

American fishing vessels and the House ad In the Senate on the 24th the President's the session devoted to debate on the subject Senator Morgan then introduced a bill identica to that introduced by Mr. Wilson in the House considered the Deficiency bill. All efforts to passed to print 15,000 copies of the President's message. At the evening session forty-five pri-

vate pension bills passed. PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

RIGHT REV. SAMUEL S. HARRIS, Bishop prevent the introduction of contagious of the Protestant Episcopal Diocese of Michigan, who was recently stricken with apoplexy while preaching in Winchester

CONGRESSMAN HERBERT has been renominated by acclamation by the Democrats of the Seventh Alabama district, this making his seventh successive nomination. MAJOR MCKINLEY, the Ohio Congress-

man, addressed the "Georgia Chautauqua," at Atlanta on the 21st in defence of JUDGE THURMAN was at Detroit, Mich.,

on the 21st and took a boat ride on Lake THE Republicans of the Ninth Indiana district have renominated Hon. Joseph B.

Cheadle for Congress. THE English press thinks the return of General Boulanger to political prominence any thing but reassuring to the peace of

JUDGE THURMAN delivered his first great speech of the Democratic campaign at speech was strongly free trade.

THE Democratic convention at Jefferson City on the 22d nominated Mayor D. R. "White Cap" gang, were found guilty Francis, of St. Louis, for Governor of Missouri. Mr. Francis was born in Kentucky Omer Davis on the night of June 20. on October 1, 1850, consequently he is but thirty-seven years of age.

Hon. J. G. BLAINE addressed a large Republican meeting at Bangor, Me., on pally to a comparison between the industrial classes of England and the United WHILE a tug was towing the mam- States and a criticism of the changes pro-

FATHER WILLIAM MCMAHON, pastor of other night an enormous sea was en- St. Bridget's Church, Cleveland, O., has been appointed National treasurer of the American Catholic Total Abstinence So-

THE Emperor and Empress of Brazil have arrived at Rio de Janeiro from Europe, both in good health.

THE President on the 23d sent a message to Congress having reference to the rejection of the Fisheries treaty. He proposed enforcing the Retaliation act against Canada and recommended further legislation in furtherance of the object of that

MR. BRADLAUGH, member of the British Parliament for Northampton, announces that he is burdened with debt and that if he is unable to clear himself by tongue and pen he must relinquish his career in

Parliament. COUNT ANDRASSY, the great Austrian statesman, is suffering from a disease of the kidneys which has brought on par-

THE Republicans of the Fifth Maryland district have nominated Sidney E. Mudd

MISCELLANEOUS. It is reported in Rome that the Italian

Government has decided to send a new expedition to Abvssinia. THE tall tower of the new Church of the

THE recent gales in the Gulf States are thought to have damaged property mil-

Covenant, Washington, fell recently, crush-

season is a matter of policy which will was capsized during a hurricane on Balatony lake, Hungary, the other day, and fifteen persons drowned.

THE latest semi-official returns from Bandaisin, Japan, of the earthquakes gives the number of persons killed at 476 and killed. injured at forty-one.

THE Berghoff brewery at Fort Wayne, Ind., was destroyed by fire the other morning, caused by an explosion in the malt

room. Loss, \$100,000. NEAR Monticello, Ga., the other day, at a Baptist association meeting, a desperate fight occurred between the Tyler and the Malone families and their friends. Thirty shots were fired in less than one minute and James Malone and Sam Tyler were instantly killed, Ed Tyler mortally and wounded.

#### Texas fever is playing havoc among the native cattle near Decatur, Ill., and is

spreading fast. THE act for improving the mouth of the Brazos river, Texas, has become a law without the President's signature. THE Exchange Bank at Dardenelle, Ark.

has been closed by the United States Marshal on attachments for \$15,000. It is thought depositors will not suffer. THE rice market at New Orleans has as sumed a strong tone and prices have advanced three-fourths of a cent on account

of the damage to the crop by the recent THE Whiting paper mill at Neenah, Wis., was on fire recently. While watching the flames, fourteen persons lost their lives and many others were seriously wounded

the walls into fragments. The loss was \$100,000. SIXTEEN new cases of yellow fever were eported at Jacksonville, Fla., on the 23d. Some men recently arrested at Denver,

Col., as gold coin counterfeiters turned out | Clerk Waterman, of Kearney County, who box in casting money.

THE latest Afghan uprising resulted in the overthrow of the would-be Ameer by his own troops. One thousand houses have been burned

at Orenburg, Russia. Ten thousand factory

but no damege was done.

THE Berlin police broke up a meeting of ailors recently because of the adoption of ocialistic resolutions. Advices from Standing Rock give information that the Sioux Commission is meeting with marked success in getting

Indian signatures to the bill to open the Sioux reservation for settlement. THE Northern Pacific recently completed a sale of \$5,000,000 bonds to a European syndicate.

GENERAL MANAGER STONE, of the Burington railroad, denies the report that he s to be deposed and his place taken by Holdredge.

NICOLO FEMMENETTA was hanged legally at Buena Vista, Col., recently for the murder of Michael Casey at Granite, in March A DISPATCH from India says that 15,000

Thibetans are marching upon Sikkim. THE agitation of the workmen in Central Belgium has become general. A strike is expected.

DUCATEL, the workingman who enabled the troops to capture Paris from the Communists, has become insane and has been put in an asylum.

An explosion of twenty thousand pounds house of the Giant Powder Company, near West Berkeley, Cal., the other day. Two white men and three Chinamen were CHOLERA broke out on the Portuguese

transport India while bound from Macao to Mozambique, and within forty-eight hours there were thirty-eight twenty-four of which proved fatal. ALL efforts so far made to bring about the end of the dressed beef war on Eastern

roads have failed, the roundabout lines in-

sisting on differential rates. Saratoga, N. Y., the horse ran away and Clark Bartlett, perhaps fatally injured.

The children escaped. R. J. CREIGHTON, agent for the New Zealand Government, has received a cable dispatch from Sir Harry Atkinson, Postmaster-General of New Zealand, stating that the swimming with a party of friends. colony would accept the offer of Postmaster-General Dickinson of the United States to pay \$50,000 yearly toward the Australian mail service. The contract has been

extended until November, 1889. BLACK measles of a most virulent character has broken out among the negroes on their plantations on the Santee river, S. C. Many deaths have already occurred and the disease has become epidemic. It has

created a panic. THREE unmarried men, Jacob Hubinge, Henry Schmidt and Louis Weerne, were drowned recently while crossing Saginaw river, near Bay City, Mich., by the capsiz-

ng of a boat. NEARLY a block of business houses in Clinton, Ind., burned recently, causing

heavy loss. THE hotel at Bon Aqua Springs, Tenn., was destroyed by fire the other night. The guests all escaped. Loss, \$50,000. THREE boys were shot and seriously injured near Kenosha, Wis., by the acci-

dental discharge of a shot-gun. Business failures (Dun's report) for the seven days ended August 23 numbered for the United States, 187; Canada, 27; total. Huron, Mich., on the night of the 22d. He 214; compared with 219 the previous week met with an enthusiastic reception. The and 185 the corresponding week of last

#### vear. ADDITIONAL DISPATCRES.

JUDGE THURMAN addressed the people of Chicago on the 25th. He commended President Cleveland for his stand on the fishery and other troubles with Canada. JOHN D. GILLETE, the cattle king of Illinois, father-in-law of Governor Oglesby, died at Mackinaw, Mich., recently. At the time of his death he owned 20,000 acres of land in Logan County, Ill., and had \$100,000 of stock of five Central Illinois

banks. CLEARING house returns for week ended August 25 showed an average increase of 4.0 compared with the corresponding week of last year. In New York there was a decrease of 2.7.

PRICES were firm and business limited on the London Stock Exchange during the week ended August 25. American securities were strong. In Paris the bourse was quiet and at Berlin and Frankfort active

and firm. THE trouble on the Maxwell land grant in Colorado reached an acute stage at Stonewall on the 25th. A number of deputy sheriffs engaged in making arrests were threatened by excited settlers, when they fired into the crowd, wounding seven or eight persons. The deputies then took refuge in a frame hotel building, were they were besieged, but they managed to

escape when darkness came on. THE Senate was not in session on the 25th. The Deficiency bill was before the House, when the evil of absenteeism provoked severe comment, business again being paralyzed for want of a quorum. WHILE a flat car was being raised to the track on the Michigan Central railroad at East Saginaw, Mich., on the 26th the der-

rick used for the purpose fell over into a crowd of sightseers, and two brothers named Collier were instantly killed and several others injured, some of the latter THE false work and part of the bridge of the Chesapeake & Ohio over the river at

upon high water and an accummulation of drift wood. Loss, \$200,000. A WILD white man was captured recently in the Coosa mountains, Shelby County, Ala., and taken to the insane asylum.

was about fifty years of age. Four tramps walking on a track near Jersey City, N. J., the other morning were

run down by an express train and three A RACE war was threatened at Florence, S. C., consequent upon the killing of a

white and a black man. An armed body of forty white men left St. Martinsville, La., recently to overawe negroes in the vicinity who were reported to be making threatening demonstrations. On the Manitoba road near Fort Buford, Dak., the other night, an east-bound stock train, running at a high speed, ran into a herd of cattle on the track, when the engine and seventeen cars left the track and were piled up. Nearly 100 cattle were killed and five trainmen were injured, three probably fatally.

### KANSAS STATE NEWS.

CHARLES and Frank Hobbs, aged seventeen and twenty years, whose parents live in Eudora, were drowned in the Kansas

river the other day while bathing. THE other morning before daylight Mrs. Isaac Speckter, wife of a Kansas City (Kan.) Hebrew clothing dealer, was up and attending to a sick child when she imagined burglars were in their store-in the front part of the building-and she called her husband, who was asleep, telling her suspicions. He jumped out of his bed in a half-dazed condition and seizing his pistol fired at random. The ball shattered the lamp and extinguished the light. Seeing a figure in the dark he fired again, when a scream made him aware that he by the boilers exploding and scattering | had shot his wife. The ball took effect in the hip and was not dangerous. The man was frightened nearly out of his wits. JUDGE ABBOTT, of the district court, re-

cently issued an alias for H. A. W. Car-

field and W. J. Price, commissioners, and

to be only confidence men, who used a trick | had been dodging a writ of mandamus issued, compelling them to count the vote of July 21, on the county seat election. THE semi-annual apportionment of school funds has been completed by the Superintendent of Public Instruction. The total fund for apportioning was \$258,099.66, peratives were made homeless by the and the total number of school children in the State being 526,734, the amount per Two dynamite bombs were exploded in capita is 49 cents. Shawnee County leads Paris on the 23d. Much alarm was created with 15,255 children and receives \$7,474.95; Sedgwick comes second with 14,240 children and gets \$6,977.60, while Wyandotte makes a close third with 13,573 children, for which it receives \$6,650.77. Grant

> dren, 216, and receives \$105.84. THE daughter of George D. Cook, of Topeka, was recently struck by lightning on Pike's Peak, in Colorado, and seriously in-

> County has the smallest number of chil-

jured. PATENTS recently granted Kansas inventors: Freub B. Duffey, Mound Valley, apparatus for moving houses; John F. Gurley, W. T. Winney and J. F. Hetzler, Lawrence, corn drill; Eli P. Newhaubs and J. Shrivlar, Beloit, wire fence stay binder; Edward F. Shelder, Kepler, a truck; James W. Steele, assignor of onehalf to A. McNalley, Chicago, Ill., railway bridge danger signal (two patents); Idalia Weed, Leavenworth, corset: David A. Winney, assignor of one-third to M. E. Held, Anthony, windmill.

SECRETARY MOHLER, of the State Board of Agriculture, in his monthly statement, says that from the reports already made to him he is able to state that the crops of wheat, oats and corn will each be double, in bushels, the amount of last year. There are counties where there was almost a toof black powder occurred in the drying tal failure, while other sections have been particularly fortunate. The State will lose a considerable portion of the population of some of the newer counties, owing to the repeated failures. These will be those counties where the soil is sandy, and where the drought has been felt to a greater degree than in other counties, while the State at large shows favorably when com-

pared with other States. A CHARTER was recently filed with the Secretary of State for the St. Louis, Baxter Springs & Oklahoma railway. The object is to build and operate a railway, telegraph RECENTLY while Rev. J. O. Wilson, of and telephone line from St. Louis to some Philadelphia, and his family were driving point in Jasper County, Mo., thence west grant has been in litigation for years, and of Canadian vessels. The rights accorded from Brant Lake to Lake George, near through Cherokee County, Kan., to a point the ownerships of such questionable title Canadian vessels in the St. Clair Flats on the south line of Kansas, at or near has passed from hand to so often that his-Mrs. Wilson was thrown out and killed. | Coffeyville; thence in a southwesterly di- tory on this point is rather vague. It is Mr. Wilson was badly hurt and the driver, | rection through the Indian Territory and Oklahoma to Texas, with numerous by a company of Holland capitalists who branches. Estimated length of line, 1,300

> miles; capital stock, \$10,000,000. FRED Cook was recently drowned in the by the Mexican Government to Beaubien Cottonwood river, near Safford, while in THE dead body of Christian Paterson. a

> Swede, was found the other day on the prairie near Garden City. THE Attorney-General has written an opinion in which he holds that social clubs | The manner in which the grant grew to its in which the application for a charter in enumerating the objects of the club contains the clause "including refreshments and drinks, such as beer, wines and liquors of all kinds, also cigars and tobaccos, for distribution of the same among the members only, who become such by subscribing to the by-laws, rules and regulations of the club, or by signing

the charter and agreeing to the same" can not be incorporated under the laws of the State. THE Santa Fe road is having 4,000 new freight cars built. THE wife and daughter of Fred Johnson.

of the Santa Fe shops at Topeka, were among the victims of the recent terrible Geiser steamship disaster. THE post-offices at Aubrey, Johnson

County; Chard, Neosho County, and Wintersett, Russell County, have been discontinued.

Pensions lately granted Kansas veterans: Lewis Morgan, deceased, of Burlingame; Melvin J. Ringler, of Everest; Smith M. Oliver, of Miltonvale; Amos A. Durand, of Wichita; Solomon Nizey, of Olathe; Nathan G. Price, of Jewell; Orlando F. Porter, of Junction City; Ephraim Bodger, of Clyde; William Young, of Ashland; Ira Doulhart, of Willett; James E. Dow, of Fall River; Anthony C. Bonham, of Atwater; Stephen Graves, of Cora; John Goodlander, of Clay Center; Nelson C. Dyer, of Abilene; John E. Hutchinson, of Superior; James H. Bradley, of Devizon; Stephen Bracken, of Western Park; James S. McCreery, of Ashwood; Jonathan M. Valentine, of Olean; Jacob Hunt, of Capioma; Rudolf Wakter, of Brookville; J. W. Wade, of Keystone; Martin V. Wilhorn, of Iola; Daniel Jones of Columbus; David N. Dudley, of Junction City: Martin Lanham, of Appleton; Hugh Orr, of Leavenworth; John E. Gilbert, of Lincolnville;

Louis S. Fee, of Bala, and Mary E. Murry, of Burlingame. HORACE CHRISTLER, an Allen County farmer, was killed the other day by his neighbor, John Carter. The two had a falling out in the spring over a cornplanter which they owned in partnership. On the day of the killing Carter went to the home of Christler and found the latter standing on a hay rack on his wagon, having been engaged in hauling hay. A few words passed when Carter drew a revolver and was knocked down by Christler. Regaining his feet Carter felled Christler, jumped on him, gouged out one eye, bit his nose and one ear off and then stuck a plaint against the transcontinental roads pitchfork into his head causing instant

"PUNKIN" pies are about ripe. THE bill authorizing the construction of a bridge over the Missouri river at or near Kansas City, Kan., and not over ten miles above the Hannibal & St. Joseph railway bridge at Kansas City, Mo., has been re-

ported favorably in the Senate. On Sunday, the 19th, as Miss Kate Coffey was driving from church in Sedgwick County, her horse was frightened by the report of a gun near the roadside and ran away. The lady was thrown out against a barbed wire fence and lay unconscious Cincinnati went down recently, consequent in the sun for over an hour when found by a traveler, who took her to the nearest house over a mile away. It was feared

her injuries were fatal. Kansas: Macomb, Gray County; Pollard, Rice County: Timken, Rush County.

THE expenses of the several charitable institutions of the State for the month of July were: Insane Asylum, Topeka, \$12,-459.58; Insane Asylum, Osawatomie, \$14,-078.32; Blind Asylum, \$1,407.82; Deaf and Dumb Asylum, \$2,939.27; Idiotic and Imbecile Asylum, \$2,791.70; Reform School, \$4,489.34: Soldiers' Orphans, \$3,194.92. MRS. ROBERTS, a dashing young mar-ried woman, recently leased a Topeka otel, ran it about a month, bought procamped with about \$600 clear gain. She collected all bills but paid nothing.

Clara E. Kepple as postmistress.

# SETTLERS FIGHT.

The Maxwell Land Grant Settlers Besiege a Number of Deputy Sheriffs.

Eight or Ten Settlers Wounded and the Deputies Escape-The Building Riddled

By the Exasperated Besiegers-Governor Adams R-fuses Militia to the Land Grant Company.

TRINIDAD, Col., Aug. 27 .- What may prove a long and bloody struggle opened Saturday on the Maxwell grant at Stone-

wall, seven miles west of here. The sheriff's posse sent to keep the peace was met by armed settlers in numbers estimated at from 200 to 500 men, who demanded the arms of the posse, which was refused, and the latter took quarters in the Poole House, a large frame building. The settlers endeavored to force an entrance when the posse opened fire, and several settlers were wounded.

The building was literally riddled with balls. The eye-witness who gave this information left while the conflict was still

The citizens here were greatly excited and the sheriff commenced gathering men in numbers to go to the relief of the besieged posse as it was believed that the building would be burned and the dozen besieged deputies put to death before

morning. of the Purgatoire river from Vermejo, N. intended to influence votes M., and also from the Costilla grant in

those mountain districts. Public sentiment in Trinidad is entirely with the settlers. The settler cavalry is composed of both Americans and Mexicans. The Mexicans are painted as if for war. Late Saturday night L. R. Wooton and D. D. Finch left for Stonewall to arbitrate matters with the settlers, if possible, and allow the six deputies to return to Trinidad. On arriving at Stonewall the be- manner." sieged house was found vacant, the depu-

ties having escaped. In the fracas Saturday Francis Copeleigue was shot through the head, R. D. Russell severely wounded and eight or ten settlers more or less disabled. Two doc-

tors were on the ground. The settlers, it is claimed, do not want to injure any one, but are determined to hold will demand what they consider their

A dispatch from Denver says Governor Adams has refused the request of the managers of the Maxwell grant to order the State militia out to suppress the trouble at Stonewall. The Governor declines to interfere unless called upon by the sheriff

for assistance. The trouble on the Maxwell land grant has been brewing for some time-in fact ever since the Supreme Court of the United States confirmed the title to the grantand therefore the violent outbreak of Satnow owned, however, principally at least, style themselves the Maxwell Land Grant Company. The grant was originally made and Miranda, two Mexicans who were given two square leagues of land providing they would establish a colony and cultivate the land. Two square leagues are equal to about 90,000 acres; the boundaries of the grant now contain 1,750,000 acres present proportions is one of the chief causes of the present trouble. The settlers living within what are now the boundaries of the grant charged that the original property was enlarged by fraudulent means. The highest tribunal in the land has held, however, that there was no fraud and refused to set aside the patent which was granted by Congress. The decision of the United States Supreme Court was made about a year ago and ever since that time some of the settlers have been agitating trouble. Hundreds of them have improved their homes and lived in them for so many years that they considered themselves in rightful possession and they look upon their threatened ejectment as high

## handed outrage.

THE NEW RATES. Consternation Over the Transcontinental Tariff Rates. CHICAGO, Aug. 25 .- The new trans-continental tariffs which are to go into effect September 1, were received in Chicago yesterday and created consternation among both shippers and railroad officials. It had been expected that rates would be based to a certain extent on the distance between points. This was the doctrine laid down in the famous "Denver case," in which the Inter-State Commerce Committee gave the roads until September 1 to revise their tariffs and bring rates into conformity with the long and short haul

clause of the Inter-State Commerce law. The tariffs which have been issued, however, show that every thing shipped from New York takes commodity rates, while from Chicago the regular class rates are

For instance, the rate on hardware from New York to San Francisco is \$1.80, while from Chicago the rate to San Francisco is \$3.40. The hardware rate to New York from Chicago is 60 cents, and by shipping his goods to New York and thence to San Francisco, the Chicago hardware merchant

can save a clear dollar per hundred. The same is also true of cotton pieces. The rate from Chicago to San Francisco is \$3.90 against \$1.80 from New York. By sending his goods to New York and rebilling at that point \$1.60 per hundred can be saved. There are other flagrant inconsistencies, and unless the tariffs are modified so as to give Chicago shippers as favorable at least as those enjoyed in New York, the Chicago freight bureau, backed by the Chicago roads, will probably file a comwith the Inter-State Commerce Commis-

-The smallest screws in the world are made in a watch factory. They are cut from steel wire by machine, but as the chips fall down from the mife it looks as screws can be seen, and yet a screw is made every third operation. The fourthjewel wheel screw is the next thing to be dred threads to the inch, and with a very fine glass the threads may be seen very clearly. These little screws are 4-1000 of an inch in diameter, and the heads are ouble the size. It is estimated that an ordinary lady's thimble would hold 100,000 of these tiny little screws. About 1,000,000 of them are made a month, but no attempt is made to count them. In determining the number 100 of them are placed on a very delicate balance, and the number of the whole amount is determined by the weight of these. After being cut, the screws are hardened and put in frames, about 100 to to the frame, heads up. This is done very rapidly, but entirely by sense of touch in-stead of sight, so that a blind man could do just as well as the owner of the sharpest visions on credit, made boarders and lodgers pay in advance, and suddeuly decamped with about \$600 clear gain. She collected all bills but paid nothing.

An office to be known as Kepple has been established in Wichita County, with Clara E. Kepple as postmistress.

# COMMENTS ON THE MESSAGE.

What is Thought of the Document by Congressmen, Canadians, Englishmen and WASHINGTON, Aug. 24 -The Post prints

several interviews with Senators and Representatives upon the message. The Democrats interviewed all warmly and unqualifiedly commend the message; the Republicans are not generally disposed to say much about it as yet, saying that they had not read it. Senator Morgan said: "The message is

a magnificent and powerful document. It would be a terrible blow to Canada if this of passengers stood on her decks and Government were to refuse her any longer | waved adieus to friends who had gathered privilege of using our ports from New York northward, practically as Canadian ports, because the use of those ports, combined with the extension of the Canadian Pacific railroad system, shortens the Canadian travel to the sea by at least two or Senator Frye said: "It simply means

three days." that President Cleveland wants to play the of March 3, 1887, just as he played the baby act about the law which authorizes him to buy United States bonds with surplus revenue. Everybody knows how unwilling he has been all along to accept that Retaliation act and carry it out loyally, again. He says he don't know what it means, and wants to be told." ENGLISH OPINION.

LONDON, Aug. 24 .- The St. James Ga-

zette, commenting on President Cleveland's message to Congress, says: "The position is awkward and unpleasant for both countries. The retaliation threatened is so illogical and unreasonable that it is very difficult to understand its precise cause and meaning. Two plausible explana-The settlers came from the tributaries tions occur. It may have been merely to bluff Canada into granting the American demands. There is no doubt that the matter is a serious one for Canada. Not merely local affairs are concerned, but Imprrial interests are also involved. England must and will supply proper safeguards for her Canadian interests. We must await the next step. It is difficult to see that the matter will end for help. The bow of the Oceanic crushed

otherwise than in a perfectly friendly The Globe says President Cleveland makes a strong case against Canada and surmises that Canada will doubtless be able to show equally as good a case. If the Canadians had rejected the treaty it would be easy to see why Cleveland should ask for retaliation. But it can not understand why Cleveland, generally a just man, should punish Canadians for the act out to the last. They are determined and of Americans. It asks if Mr. Cleveland is

affected by the Irish vote. The Pall Mall Gazette says it looks ugly. The Star, T. P. O'Connor's paper says it has no fear of war over the matter, but it is of the opinion that serious friction is certain to result.

OPINION AT OTTAWA. OTTAWA, Ont., Aug. 24.—The aunouncement that the President had recommended legislation empowering the abolition of the bonding system has caused much surprise, more surprise than excitement. The clause calling for equal privileges is in every way satisfactory. It is held here that urday was not unlooked for. Title to the at present no discrimination exists in favor canal is a treaty obligation, which it is claimed can not be abrogated by legislation of either Nation. The Government has already advertised for tenders and made the necessary appropriation already for a Canadian canal at Sault Ste. Marie connecting Lakes Huron and Superior,

which will give connections to the ocean. WHAT FISHERMEN THINK. GLOUCESTER, Mass., Aug. 24.-The President's message was much commented on by fishing vessel owners this morning. It was the general opinion among business men that no one here wanted retaliation as outlined in the message. An embargo placed on Canadian fish and the same treatment as Americans receive would be all that would be required to settle the difficulty between the two countries. On the other hand the men who man the vessels are unanimous in their opinions that what the President has proposed is just

### OF INTEREST TO CANADA. A Bill Introduced Giving the President

Authority to Pretect American Fisher-WASHINGTON, Aug. 24 .- After the reading of the President's message on retaliation in the House yesterday Mr. Wilson, of Minnesota, immediately offered the following bill, which was referred to the

Committee on Foreign Affairs: An act to empower the President more ef fectually to carry out the purposes of an act entitled "An act to authorize the President to protect and defend the rights of American fishing vessels, American fishermen, American trading and other vessels, in certain cases, and for other purposes, approved March 3, 1887, and to authorize the President to protect American interests against unjust discrimination in the use of canals in the British Dominion of North

Be it enacted, etc., That whenever the President may deem it his duty to exercise any of the powers given to him by an act entitled "An act to protect and defend the rights of American fishing vessels," it shall be lawful for the President in his discretion, by proclamation to that effect, to suspend, in whole or in part, the transportation of goods, wares and merchandise imported or exported from any foreign country. except Canada, in bond an without the payment of duties to or from the British Dominions n North America across the territory of the

United States. Sec. 2. Whenever the President shall be satisfied that there is any discrimination whatever in the use of the Welland canal, the St Lawrence river canals, the Chambly canal, or either of them, whether by tolls, drawbacks, refund of tolls or otherwise, which is or may be detrimental to the interests of the United States or any of its citizens, it shall be lawful for the President, in his discretion, to issue a proclamation to that effect, whereupon there shall be collected a toll of twenty cents a ton on every foreign vessel and her cargo passing through the Sault Ste. Marie canal or the St. Clair Flats canal, and the Secretary of the Treasury may authorize and direct any of the sustoms officers to collect the tolls levied under this act. The President, when satisfied that such discrimina tion has ceased, may issue his proclamation to that effect, in his discretion, whereupon the

tolls authorized by this act shall no longer be Sec. 3. The Secretary of the Treasury is au thorized to make any regulations needful to

carry this act into effect Settlers Resolute. TRINIDAD, Col., Aug. 24 .- J. W. Lewelling, who is digging an brigating ditch on the lands parchased by the Stonewall if the operation was simply cutting up the | Summer Resort Company from the Maxwire for fun. One thing is certain, no well grant, was notified by settlers that he should not prosecute the work. Lewelling sent to Trinidad for arms and ammunition, and will disregard the threats against his invisible, and to the naked eye it looks life. Mr. Randolph himself, an old setlike dust. With a glass, however, it is ther of Stonewall, but who occupies a seen to be a small screw, with two hun- ranch under lease from the Maxwell

#### scene to endeavor to keep the peace. vote of 480, Beeson, 465. Soldiers' Rennion.

WASHINGTON, Kan., Aug. 25 .- Yesterday, the last day of the soldiers' reunion for this Congressional district, the weather was beautiful and the attendance good, although there was no great crowd as on Wednesday and Thursday. Most of the old soldiers remained to the last and seemed loth to separate. In the forenoon ex-Congressman Hanback gave his old pleased them greatly. In the afternoon races of various kinds and other amusements were had. The reunion has been a perfect success throughout. The next annual reunion will be held at Blue Rapids.

| Most part clients of H. S. Loncheim & Co., bankers of Philadelphia. The property bought consists of the main Jellico Mountain Coal and Coke Company, operating the Woodbridge mine, the Jellico Mountain Coal Company, East Tennessee Coal Company and the Proctor Coal Company. comrades a very interesting talk, which

ANOTHER OCEAN CALAMITY.

he Steamer City of Chester Collides With the Oceanic in a Fog on the Pacific Coast -Thirty-four Persons Drowned. SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 23.—The most terrible marine disaster that ever occurred on the Pacific coast happened in the Bay of San Francisco a short distance from

Golden Gate about ten o'clock yesterday morning. The steamer City of Chester left her dock here at 9:30 and started on her regular trip to Eureka en the northern coast of California. An unusually large number on the wharf. The Chester steamed slowly down the bay and when within two miles of the heads encountered a thick

fog so peculiar in that locality. Captain Wallace began blowing his steamer's whistle to warn all vessels of his approach, and the Chester proceeded cautiously on her course till off the port point, when the hoarse sound of another whistle baby act in regard to the Retaliation act | floated across the water. Captain Wallace answered the signal and gave proper warning to the stranger to pass on the port side. This was evidently not understood, for in a moment those on board saw the huge prow of the Occidental and Oriental steamer Oceanic emerge from the and now he comes playing the baby act | fog. The Oceanic had just arrived from Hong Kong and Yokohama and was moving up the bay to her dock.

The huge steamer was so close to the Chester that there was no possibility for the latter to escape. The cabin passengers were nearly all on deck and the captain seeing the danger called to them to prepare for the shock. A panic ensued at once, particularly among the women and children of whom there were a large number.

The Oceanic struck the Chester on the port side at the gangway and the shock was so terrific that the screw cut into the Chester's upper works and then crushed down the bulworks tearing great timbers and iron plates and breaking into staterooms and cabins.

The wildest confusion prevailed among the passengers-who crowded togethersome shricking with fear, others praying into the middle section of the Chester, outting her almost into halves and causing her to reel under the terrible blow. When the vessels were locked a number of the Chester passengers were passed up over the Oceanic's bow and rescued in this way, but as soon as the large steamer could clear herself she immediately swung

around and began to lower her boats. At the moment of the shock most of the officers and crew of the Chester seemed to lose possession of their senses and several passengers stated afterward that some of the crew took the first opportunity to climb aboard the Oceanic and left the passengers to cut away the boats. Some of these were lowered as soon as possible and a number of passengers taken off in them. Others provided themselves with life preservers and jumped overboard. The greater portion, however, were compelled

The vessel began to settle immediately after the collision. Torrents of water rushed into her hold and in five minutes after the collision the Chester disappeared and sunk in fifty fathoms of water. Those of the passengers and crew who came to the surface were picked up by the

o remain on the steamer.

Oceanic's boats, but the greater number were drawn down by the rushing water and never appeared again. The greatest loss of life is believed to have occurred among the steerage passengers, of whom there were twenty-three abord. Only two of these were accounted for late yesterday afternoon and it is believed the others were lost. They were in the hold or lower decks of the steamer at the time and there was no opportunity to

warn them of danger or render them any assistance afterward. The cabin passengers numbered seventy and of these ten are lost. Three of the crew were also lost. The names of the cabin passengers lost are as follows: G. W. Anderson, Oakland, Cal.; Mrs. S. E. Prater, San Diego, Cal.; Mrs. C. H. Haney, Eureka, Cal.; J. A. Hampton and wife, Virginia, Nev.; C. T. Davis, Springfield, Cal.; Miss Davis, J. Green, Napa, Cal.; Mrs. Meech, Mrs. Porter. The following members of the crew were lost: E. R.

#### Chambers, steward; R. Fulton, Adam Richmond. M'KINLEY DOWN SOUTH.

fow He Was Received at the "Georgia" Chautauqua.' ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 22.-Mr. McKinley's eception at the Georgia Chautauqua yesterday was something remarkable. Mr. McKinley was led to the stand by Henry W. Grady and was introduced in an eloquent speech of hearty welcome by Judge Van Epes, of Atlanta, one of Georgia's brilliant young men. A singular fact is that Van Epes is a revenue reduction man, yet no heartier welcome could be made.

In the course of his remarks Judge Van Epes said: "The truth is that the young men of the South are growing impatient of the fact that it is treasonable to look at the other side of a great question seriously affecting their interests.

"When in the Chicago convention the honorable gentleman put aside a tempting chance to be President and ruler of 60,-000,000 people, saying in substance: 'I can not accept nomination without violating my own self-respect, in the abuse of my sense of personal loyalty and friendship to Mr. Sherman,' he fixed public opinion as to his lofty character and shed a glory around American citizenship. "Differ as we may on party questions,

which we do not hesitate to avow of such men as Lincoln and Grant and Conkling and other kingly men, who have illustrated the dignity and glory of American manbood." These and other similar sentiments were loudly applauded. A more attentive audience was never gathered together, and judging by the applause, the people were in sympathy with

ve share a National pride in him, which is

irrespective of party affiliations; the same

urged that on this question there be no South, no North, the audience arose as one man and cheered to the echo. At the conclusion of the speech all

the speaker. All his points were heartily

cheered, and when, toward the end, he

pressed forward to meet the distinguished Ohioan and their reception was hearty. Iowa Republicans. DES MOINES, Iowa, Aug. 23 .- The Republican State convention met here vesterday morning, with full delegations present. After completing its temporary organization, with Major J. M. Tuttle, of

Des Moines, as chairman, a recess was taken until two p. m. At the opening of the afternoon session Hon. Lafayette Young was made permaneat chairman. Mr. Young addressed the conve-tion, reviewing chiefly the political Grant Company, wrote a letter to Sheriff Burns here that 100 settlers had notified his wife during Randolph's absence from home that both himself and wife would be hanged unless they should leave at once. The sheriff has sent special deputies to the for Treasurer renominated Twombly by a

> Coal Combine. LOUISVILLE, Ky., Aug. 22.-Representatives of the principal coal companies of Kentucky and Virginia met here yesterday and formed a combine, involving about \$3,000,000 capital, and 14,900 acres of coal land, including mines in operation, besides an outside acreage of 39,000 in Virginia and 53,870 acres in Bell County, Ky., near Pineville. The men who put up the money for the purchase are for the most part clients of H. S. Loncheim & Co.,